10:05:12	1	A. Sometimes.		
05:13	2	Q. If it's done right?		
10:05:14	3	A. If it's done right, yes.		
10:05:16	4	Q. And if it's what's the word I'm looking		
10:05:19	5	for it's not as precise as a fusion splice, correct?		
10:05:23	6	A. No, sir.		
10:05:23	7	Q. And so it's used in emergency situations to		
10:05:27	8	restore service?		
10:05:28	9	A. Right.		
10:05:28	10	Q. But it's not a high quality, acceptable,		
10:05:31	11	long-term splice?		
10:05:32	12	A. Right.		
10:05:33	13	Q. For a long-term splice, more than say 30 days,		
10:05:37	14	SWBT policy is to always use fusion splicing?		
10:05:40	15	A. Yes, sir.		
10:05:40	16	Q. And why is fusion splicing preferred over		
10:05:44	17	mechanical splicing?		
10:05:46	18	A. The reflective loss and the DB loss is a lot		
10:05:51	19	less on fusion than it is on mechanical. You get a		
10:05:59	20	better quality splice.		
10:06:04	21	Q. Okay. And just so I'm not leaving anything		
10:06:09	22	out, I would like to cover how if I said, okay,		
10:06:19	23	Mr. Tijerina, here's a DWO that requires a splice be		
10:06:23	24	made out in manhole 172, right here on Elm Street. Go		
.06:29	25	do it today. How do you go do a fusion splice that day?		

		TRINIDAD TIJERINA - APRIL 10, 2002 52
10:06:34	1	Tell me the procedure.
06:38	2	A. Well, the first thing I would do is look the
10:06:42	3	DWO over and see what's involved in getting to the
10:06:46	4	manhole, what fibers are being used.
10:06:51	5	Q. Typically when you go out to a splice to do
10:06:54	6	a splice, there are other fibers in that sheath that are
10:06:58	7	being used, correct?
10:06:59	8	A. Right. And then I go to the central office
10:07:03	9	and make sure the fibers are vacant or dead or not
10:07:07	10	working.
10:07:08	11	Q. The ones you're supposed to splice?
10:07:10	12	A. Right.
10:07:11	13	Q. Because almost every time you go out to a
10:07:14	14	splice case to splice, there are other fibers in there
10:07:17	15	that are working?
10:07:18	16	A. Yes. Now, if it's a working cable, we have
10:07:20	17	got that maintenance window time that we have got to
10:07:23	18	work on, which is from midnight until 6:00 in the
10:07:26	19	morning. If it's a working cable, we are not supposed
10:07:30	20	to get in them during the day.
10:07:32	21	Q. You're talking about splicing the working
10:07:34	22	cable?
10:07:35	23	A. Going into a working cable.
10:07:36	24	Q. And just so we understand, because I don't

07:38 25 want to be confused here, you're talking about the times

10:07:42	1	when you've got to go in maybe and resplice a cable that
07:46	2	currently has traffic going over it, correct?
10:07:50	3	A. Correct.
10:07:50	4	Q. And you do that for SWBT every now and then,
10:07:53	5	correct?
10:07:53	6	A. I've got a crew that works nothing but nights.
10:07:56	7	Q. So you have a crew that's not a good job.
10:08:02	8	You have a crew that their sole job really is to work on
10:08:05	9	resplicing breaking and resplicing fiber optic cables
10:08:12	10	that currently have traffic going over them that are
10:08:15	11	being used by a customer?
10:08:16	12	A. Breaking fibers that are vacant to take
10:08:20	13	somewhere else. Not breaking working fibers;
10:08:23	14	non-working fibers.
10:08:25	15	Q. Okay. I thought we were talking about fibers
10:08:29	16	that had traffic on them.
10:08:30	17	A. No, no, no. Working fibers that have
10:08:34	18	traffic on them, we don't touch them.
10:08:36	19	Q. Well, what if you've identified a problem with
10:08:39	20	one of the splices on a working fiber?
10:08:42	21	A. By the time we get it gets to us, the
10:08:46	22	splicing foreman, that fiber has been turned off or the
10:08:51	23	power has been taken out of it.
10:08:53	24	Q. Okay.
08:54	25	A. Because the fiber is in trouble to start off

10:09:50	1	Q. And you have a crew how many work nights?	
10:01	2	A. Two, two people.	
10:10:05	3	Q. How often do your crews do manhole splices	
10:10:10	4	into a splice case on dark fiber when there's also	
10:10:16	5	working fiber in the sheath during the day?	
10:10:24	6	A. Very seldom. Most of my work is is going	
10:10:32	7	back into working cable or cable with working fibers in	
10:10:37	8	them.	
10:10:37	9	Q. Most of the splicing done, you're entering a	
10:10:41	10	splice case where there are working fibers in there?	
10:10:44	11	A. Yes, sir.	
10:10:45	12	Q. And sometimes you do those in the day and	
10:10:46	13	sometimes you do those at night?	
10:10:48	14	A. The majority is at night.	
10:10:51	15	Q. You say the majority is at night right now?	
10:10:54	16	A. Yes, sir.	
10:10:54	17	Q. Has that always been the case?	
10:10:56	18	A. No.	
10:10:57	19	Q. When did that happen?	
10:10:58	20	A. It started back in 1991, '92.	
10:11:06	21	Q. Okay. And I guess I'm confused, why do you do	
10:11:13	22	that at night as opposed to doing it during the day?	
10:11:16	23	A. At night there's less traffic on the fibers	
10:11:19	24	than there would be during the day. It would be like	
.11:24	25	off-peak hours.	

10:11:25 Q. Right. 1 And that's the policy that Bell has now. 11:26 2 Α. So the nighttime work is just an added 10:11:30 10:11:35 precaution to make sure that the customers don't ever face severe terminations of service? 10:11:43 Right. 10:11:45 Α. Okay. Because presumably, even if there were 10:11:46 a situation where, you know, some guy totally messed up 10:11:50 and disrupted a working fiber he could quickly fix it 10:11:57 10:12:02 10 back together again that night and not affect the 10:12:07 11 service during the daytime. Is that the thought? 10:12:16 12 Α. Yes, sir. 10:12:18 13 MR. CRAWFORD: Do you want to take a 10:12:19 14 five-minute break? 10:12:23 15 MR. HARTLEY: Sure. 10:12:24 16 MR. CRAWFORD: Go off the record. 10:12:25 17 (Recess 10:12 to 10:21 a.m.) 10:21:49 18 Q. We were talking, Mr. Tijerina, about part of 10:21:52 19 your crew -- well, we were talking about opening splice 10:21:55 20 cases in the field when you go to make your splices on 10:21:59 21 dead count. 10:22:00 22 Right. Α. 10:22:01 23 Q. And I think we have confirmed that the vast 10:22:06 24 majority of the time when you -- almost always when you

DICKMAN DAVENPORT, INC. (214) 855-5100 www.dickmandavenport.com (800) 445-9548

open a splice case to splice dead count together that

22:09 25

	ſ	
10:22:12	1	there are working fibers in that splice case, correct?
22:15	2	A. Yes, sir.
10:22:15	3	Q. Now, I assume there are splicing procedures
10:22:19	4	set by SWBT to make sure that the splice is made
10:22:26	5	successfully without damaging other working fibers,
10:22:30	6	correct?
10:22:30	7	A. Yes, sir.
10:22:30	8	Q. Do you make sure that your crew is trained in
10:22:34	9	these procedures?
10:22:34	10	A. Yes, sir.
10:22:34	11	Q. Do they follow these procedures as a general
10:22:37	12	rule?
10:22:37	13	A. Yes, sir.
10:22:40	14	Q. When you were splicing fibers over a decade or
10:22:48	15	two of splicing fiber optic fibers, how often did you
10:22:53	16	open up a splice case with working fibers in it to
10:22:57	17	terminate some of the dark fibers or dead count that
10:22:59	18	were in that case?
10:23:00	19	A. What do you mean by
10:23:02	20	Q. When you were splicing fiber
10:23:04	21	A. Right.
10:23:05	22	Q since I think you said 1983
10:23:07	23	A. Yes, sir.
10:23:11	24	Q how often did you open up a splice case to
23:14	25	perform a splice and that splice case had working fibers

10:23:17	1	in them?
23:22	2	A. Let's see. About 80 percent of the time.
10:23:30	3	Q. Okay. And I know this is a crazy question,
10:23:34	4	but how many splices do you think you have actually done
10:23:37	5	over your career?
10:23:43	6	A. I have no idea. Too many.
10:23:46	7	Q. Do it in your sleep, right.
10:23:51	8	Well, some interesting numbers. SWBT has
10:23:57	9	told us that in the state of Texas just counting the
10:24:01	10	times that its fiber is spliced to the fiber of a
10:24:08	11	third-party company, there are 200,000 splices in the
10:24:12	12	state of Texas.
10:24:12	13	A. Okay.
10:24:13	14	Q. Does that sound about right to you, too high,
10:24:17	15	too low, based on your experience?
10:24:21	16	A. What do you mean by to a customer?
10:24:26	17	Q. Okay. Well, I was talking what I was
10:24:28	18	talking about is not a customer but a third-party
10:24:31	19	company?
10:24:31	20	A. A third party
10:24:33	21	Q. Like Verizon, GTE, Sprint, AT&T, that SWBT
10:24:40	22	fiber is spliced to fiber owned by another company.
10:24:47	23	A. The reason all SBC or just
10:24:53	24	Q. SWBT, throughout Texas.
24:54	25	A. I have no idea.

10:24:59 1	Q. If they say if they tell us it's 200,000,		
25:02 2	do you have any reason to disagree with that number, or		
10:25:12 3	would you believe them if they say it?		
10:25:15 4	A. I don't understand what you're trying to tell		
10:25:20 5	me. You mean		
10:25:28 6	Q. SWBT has told us that we we asked SWBT		
10:25:36 7	let me just digress. We asked SWBT how many splices are		
10:25:41 8	in the state of Texas where SWBT has spliced fiber to		
10:25:45 9	fiber owned by a company other than SWBT.		
10:25:50 10	A. Uh-huh.		
10:25:50 11	Q. And they've told us 200,000 splices,		
10:25:54 12	connections, in the state of Texas. Does that sound		
10:26:03 13	right to you?		
10:26:04 14	A. I don't know.		
10:26:05 15	Q. Have you ever spliced fiber to a third party		
10:26:08 16	like GTE?		
10:26:09 17	A. Yes, sir.		
10:26:10 18	Q. So there are times when you take you have		
10:26:13 19	taken GTE's fiber and SWBT's fiber and spliced the two		
10:26:18 20	together?		
10:26:18 21	A. Yes, sir.		
10:26:19 22	Q. And why does that happen in your business?		
10:26:24 23	A. I ain't got no idea. You know, off a		
10:26:28 24	connection between SWBT and Verizon.		
26:34 25	Q. Does it happen in a certain region more than		

10:26:37	1	others?
26:37	2	A. I don't know, because the only region I work
10:26:40	3	is right here, so
10:26:41	4	Q. I mean, is that a common situation on the
10:26:45	5	borders of a service area, for instance?
10:26:48	6	A. Yes, sir.
10:26:49	7	Q. Because they have to connect as if they were
10:26:52	8	one phone company?
10:26:53	9	A. I guess. I don't have no idea.
10:26:55	10	Q. In your region, is there a service area
10:26:59	11	border?
10:26:59	12	A. Yes, sir.
10:26:59	13	Q. And who does SWBT border up against in terms
10:27:03	14	of service area?
10:27:05	15	A. Verizon.
10:27:07	16	Q. Used to be GTE, now Verizon, correct?
10:27:10	17	A. Yes.
10:27:11	18	Q. Now, any other ILECs or any other phone
10:27:18	19	company, smaller ones or regional ones that SWBT
10:27:23	20	geographically comes up to in your service area, other
10:27:27	21	than Verizon?
10:27:28	22	A. Not that I know of, no.
10:27:30	23	Q. And on that service border between SWBT and
10:27:34	24	Verizon, do explain to me what happens when their
27:38	25	fiber do they splice fiber together on a regular

<u>_</u>	
10:27:42 1	basis, along that border?
27:44 2	A. What do you mean?
10:27:45 3	Q. On the service area border between SWBT and
10:27:50 4	Verizon
5	A. Right, uh-huh.
10:27:51 6	Q is SWBT fiber regularly spliced together
10:27:55 7	with Verizon fiber?
10:27:56 8	A. Not regularly, no.
10:27:58 9	Q. And I know regularly is an ambiguous term. So
10:28:02 10	let me be a little more clear. Are there there are
10:28:11 11	areas where SWBT fiber is spliced to Verizon fiber?
10:28:16 12	A. Yes, sir.
10:28:17 13	Q. You've done that before?
10:28:18 14	A. Yes, sir.
10:28:18 15	Q. You may have to do it again?
10:28:20 16	A. If I ever go to splicing, yes.
10:28:24 17	Q. Your crews may do it
10:28:26 18	A. Yes, sir.
10:28:27 19	MR. HARTLEY: He's hoping he's beyond
10:28:30 20	that.
10:28:30 21	Q. I gathered that. I'm not making you nervous.
10:28:33 22	He hasn't told me anything.
10:28:35 23	A. I'm hoping to go back to splicing.
10:28:37 24	MR. HARTLEY: We will just see how well
28:39 25	this goes.

10:28:40	1	Q. I'll tell you, management is no fun, is it,			
28:43	2	they don't pay you enough for that.			
10:28:45	3	A. Tell me about it.			
10:28:49	4	Q. If it is very possible that next week you			
10:28:53	5	could get an order to have your crew splice a SWBT fiber			
10:28:58	6	together with a Verizon fiber.			
10:29:01	7	A. It's possible, yes.			
10:29:02	8	Q. That would not surprise you if you saw one of			
10:29:05	9	those?			
10:29:05	10	A. No, sir.			
10:29:05	11	Q. When your crews go out to splice a SWBT fiber			
10:29:10	12	with a fiber owned by another company, such as Verizon			
10:29:14	13	or another telephone carrier, will your crews perform			
10:29:20	14	that splice any differently than the splice they would			
10:29:23	15	do on a SWBT to SWBT fiber?			
10:29:26	16	A. No, sir. It would be the same.			
10:29:29	17	Q. Is it fair to say that your crews and you,			
10:29:31	18	when you were splicing for 20-some-odd years, have a			
10:29:35	19	single set of methods and procedures in your mind on how			
10:29:38	20	to do the proper splice?			
10:29:40	21	A. Yes, sir.			
10:29:40	22	Q. And you will do that splice no matter who owns			
10:29:43	23	that fiber?			
10:29:44	24	A. Right, yes.			
.29:45	25	Q. And you also understand that sometimes, even			

10:29:47 1	though SWBT may own both ends of the fiber you're
29:51 2	splicing, that sometimes a CLEC, another phone company,
10:29:56 3	may be leasing one of those fibers from SWBT?
10:29:59 4	A. Yes, sir.
10:30:01 5	Q. Do you know, when you were splicing or does
10:30:04 6	your crew know today when they're splicing, whether or
10:30:07 7	not a CLEC will be using the fiber that you're splicing?
10:30:11 8	A. No, sir.
10:30:12 9	Q. They don't tell you that, do they?
10:30:13 10	A. No, sir.
10:30:14 11	Q. And since you don't know whether that CLEC
10:30:16 12	is whether a CLEC is going to be using a fiber or
10:30:19 13	SWBT is going to be using that fiber, you do the same
10:30:25 14	proper splice no matter what?
10:30:26 15	A. Yes, sir.
10:30:27 16	Q. And that's the same for your crews?
10:30:29 17	A. Yes, sir.
10:30:31 18	Q. Okay. Have you ever heard someone say, oh, I
10:30:34 19	know this is going to be used by a CLEC, so I'm going to
10:30:37 20	do the splice in a poor manner?
10:30:40 21	A. No, sir.
10:30:41 22	Q. Have you ever heard anybody even think about
10:30:43 23	that?
10:30:44 24	A. No.
.30:45 25	Q. Is it fair to say your crews are going to do

10:30:48 1	the solid	quality splice no matter what?
30:52 2	Α.	Yes, sir.
10:30:53 3	Q.	No matter who is using that fiber?
10:30:55 4	Α.	Right.
10:30:55 5	Q.	Even if that SWBT fiber is connected to fiber
10:31:07 6	owned by	another company?
10:31:10 7	Α.	Yes, sir.
10:31:10 8	Q.	You currently have one crew that works
10:31:17 9	exclusive	ly after hours, correct?
10:31:19 10	Α.	Yes, sir.
10:31:21 11	Q.	And they are the crew that you use to open
10:31:26 12	splice ca	ses that have working fibers in them?
10:31:29 13	A.	Yes; sir.
10:31:30 14	Q.	So if in the many instances when you've got
10:31:36 15	to go spl	ice two dead count fibers in a splice case and
10:31:41 16	there's working fibers in that splice case, you use this	
10:31:46 17	crew?	
10:31:46 18	Α.	Yes, sir.
10:31:47 19	Q.	And how many days a week do they work?
10:31:50 20	A.	Five days, five nights, Monday through Friday.
10:31:56 21	Q.	They have five working days no matter what
10:31:59 22	their wor	king hour period is?
10:32:02 23	A.	Right.
10:32:02 24	Q.	Then they get two days off, correct?
32:04 25	Α.	Correct.

10:32:05 1	Q. When they go out in the field, is their
32:09 2	primary task do these field splices in splice cases with
10:32:13 3	working fibers?
10:32:15 4	A. I don't understand.
10:32:16 5	Q. Is that what they spend most of their time
10:32:18 6	doing?
10:32:20 7	A. Splicing fibers, yes.
10:32:22 8	Q. Let me be clear. Do they spend most of their
10:32:25 9	time during their shift doing splicings in buildings or
10:32:33 10	out in the field opening splice cases with working
10:32:36 11	fibers in them?
10:32:37 12	A. Out in the field, in the manholes.
10:32:40 13	Q. Okay. So do they do much building work at
132:45 14	all?
10:32:46 15	A. Very seldom.
10:32:47 16	Q. So the vast majority of their shift is spent
10:32:50 17	doing field splicing
10:32:52 18	A. Yes, sir.
10:32:52 19	Q in the splicing vans, where they open
10:32:55 20	splice cases with working fibers in them?
10:32:57 21	A. Yes, sir.
10:32:58 22	Q. And they do that five days a week?
10:33:00 23	A. Yes, sir.
10:33:02 24	Q. Fifty weeks a year, more or less?
33:04 25	A. Yes, sir.

10:33:07 1	Q. And that's only for the North Dallas area,
33:10 2	though, right?
10:33:11 3	A. Well, that's just my crew in North Dallas,
10:33:16 4	yes.
10:33:16	Q. Just in your region?
10:33:16	A. Right.
10:33:16	Q. That doesn't even include the main Dallas
10:33:19	region, right?
10:33:20	A. Right.
10:33:20 10	Q. In the main Dallas region presumably there's
10:33:24 11	other crews doing the same thing?
10:33:26 12	A. No, sir.
10:33:26 13	Q. Do you know how many crews they have doing
10:33:28 14	that?
10:33:28 19	A. I have no idea.
10:33:32 16	Q. And we talked about the fact that your crew
10:33:40 17	that works after hours on these splice cases with
10:33:43 18	working fibers in them follow set procedures so as not
10:33:47 19	to damage the working fibers, correct?
10:33:49 20	A. Yes, sir.
10:33:50 21	Q. Okay. Have you in your many years splicing
10:34:05 23	fiber optic cable ever cut through the sheath of a fiber
10:34:09 23	cable that had working fibers in it to expose the fibers
10:34:13 24	to place in a splice case?
34:17 25	A. What do you mean?

10:34:18	1	Q.	Let me back up and unpack that a little bit.
34:21	2		When you go out to a splice case
10:34:24	3	Α.	Yes.
10:34:25	4	Q.	the fibers are pretty much already exposed
10:34:28	5	once you	open the splice case, correct?
10:34:31	6	Α.	Uh-huh.
10:34:31	7	Q.	Is that right?
10:34:32	8	Α.	Yes, sir.
10:34:33	9	Q.	Sometimes, though, you'll be in a situation
10:34:37	10	where you	need to cut a sheath open to get access to the
10:34:41	11	fibers, c	orrect?
10:34:42	12	Α.	Yes, sir.
10:34:44	13	Q.	And so you've got this if I can visualize a
10:34:49	14	large, ha	rd, black hose.
10:34:51	15	Α.	Uh-huh.
10:34:51	16	Q.	And you need access to fibers in there?
10:34:54	17	Α.	Yes, sir.
10:34:54	18	Q.	And they are not exposed?
10:34:56	19	Α.	Uh-huh.
10:34:56	20	Q.	So you cut the black hose open?
10:35:00	21	Α.	Right.
10:35:00	22	Q.	With a big, for lack of a better term, knife?
10:35:04	23	Α.	Right.
10:35:04	24	Q.	And inside that black fiber optic cable sheath
35:09	25	are worki	ng fibers?

	-	
10:35:11	1	A. Yes, sir.
35:14	2	Q. So you're careful when you're really just
10:35:14	3	holding the hose in one hand and the knife in the
10:35:17	4	other
10:35:17	5	A. Right.
10:35:18	6	Q to carefully cut the black sheath around
10:35:23	7	the fibers without going so deep as to actually cut the
10:35:26	8	fibers?
10:35:27	9	A. Right.
10:35:27	10	Q. Is that correct?
10:35:28	11	A. Yes, sir.
10:35:29	12	Q. And because it and you've done that
10:35:35	13	numerous times throughout your career, correct?
10:35:38	14	A. Yes, sir.
10:35:39	15	Q. I'm sorry?
10:35:40	16	A. Yes, sir.
10:35:41	17	Q. In all the times that you've cut open a fiber
10:35:46	18	sheath with a knife, have you ever cut into working
10:35:48	19	fibers?
10:35:50	20	A. Yes, sir.
10:35:50	21	Q. You have?
10:35:51	22	A. Yes, sir.
10:35:53	23	Q. How many times have you cut into a sheath?
10:35:57	24	A. Into a sheath?
35:58	25	Q. Yes, with a knife. Thousands?

10:36:02	1	Α.	Hundreds.
36:04	2	Q.	Hundreds of thousands?
10:36:05	3	Α.	No, hundreds of times.
10:36:07	4	Q.	Hundreds of times.
10:36:08	5		And out of those hundreds of times, how
10:36:13	6	many times	s have you actually cut into a working fiber?
10:36:19	7	Α.	I cut about five different fibers five
10:36:22	8	different	times I cut fibers
10:36:24	9	Q.	Okay.
10:36:25	10	A.	in the times I did it.
10:36:34	11	Q.	And what did you do to fix them?
10:36:37	12	A.	Opened the cable once I opened it, fuse the
٦٥:36:42	13	fiber toge	ether.
10:36:43	14	Q.	How long did that take you?
10:36:50	15	A.	Setting the cable up is what takes longer.
10:36:52	16	. Q.	In the times where you actually cut a working
10:36:55	17	fiber, I	presume you wanted to quickly fuse it together?
10:36:58	18	A.	Yes, sir.
10:36:59	19	Q.	How long did it take you?
10:37:00	20	A.	Anywhere from 15 to 20 minutes.
10:37:03	21	Q.	Okay. So within 15 to 20 minutes, you had
10:37:06	22	that fiber	spliced back together?
10:37:08	23	A.	Yes, sir.
10:37:09	24	Q.	Did you ever get in trouble for that?
.37:11	25	Α.	I had to write some letters several times.

	٢	
10:37:15	1	Q. People wrote letters to you?
37:17	2	A. No, I had to write them to tell what happened.
10:37:19	3	Q. So you wrote a letter to an engineer or
10:37:21	4	somebody or to some superior explaining to him that you
10:37:25	5	had a mishap and that you fixed it and everything was
10:37:29	6	fine, right?
10:37:30	7	A. Yes, sir.
10:37:30	8	Q. After you wrote those letters, did anything
10:37:33	9	bad happen to you?
10:37:34	10	A. No, sir.
10:37:41	11	Q. I forgot to ask you earlier, have you ever won
10:37:45	12	any awards or had any honors or special recognition from
10:37:50	13	SWBT for your work? I understand most of us don't get
10:37:57	14	it, so I'm curious whether or not you ever got one,
10:38:01	15	splicer of the year award.
10:38:02	16	A. I got a clock once for a job I did. That's
10:38:05	17	about it.
10:38:05	18	Q. You got a what?
10:38:08	19	A. A clock.
10:38:10	20	Q. A clock?
10:38:10	21	A. Yes, sir.
10:38:10	22	Q. For what job?
10:38:11	23	A. We did a job for I think it was Fidelity
10:38:15	24	Investments or something, and for the for a great job
38:20	25	done, you know, a good job. That was done.

10:38:23	1	Q. Was there something challenging about that
38:26	2	job?
10:38:26	3	A. Oh, yes, most definitely.
10:38:29	4	Q. Worth a clock, huh.
10:38:32	5	What was the challenging part?
10:38:34	6	A. The time frame we had to do it in and the
10:38:37	7	restrictions that Fidelity Investments gave us.
10:38:39	8	Q. What were those restrictions?
10:38:43	9	A. They dictated what times we could work, when
10:38:46	10	we could be there, what hours and everything.
10:38:50	11	Q. Right. And what was the time restriction?
10:38:52	12	Did you have to do something really fast?
10:38:54	13	A. Yes, sir.
10:38:55	14	Q. Did you have to
10:38:57	15	A. Like we could only work on weekends, certain
10:39:00	16	hours.
10:39:01	17	Q. Right. We were talking about cutting open a
10:39:20	18	sheath with a knife and you mentioned you've done it
10:39:24	19	hundreds of times, correct?
10:39:26	20	A. Uh-huh.
10:39:27	21	Q. But that's not the normal way to get access to
10:39:29	22	fiber, is it?
10:39:30	23	A. No, sir.
10:39:31	24	Q. Normally there will be fiber in a splice case
39:34	25	in a manhole that you can easily gain access to, right?

10:39:38 1	A. If you want to call it easily, yes.
39:42 2	Q. Well, easier than having to cut open a sheath
10:39:46 3	with a knife, right?
10:39:47 4	A. Yes, sir.
10:39:51 5	Q. We have used the term splice case. Can you
10:39:54 6	tell me what a splice case is?
10:39:56 7	A. A splice case is a is a closure or a we
10:40:01 8	use where we put the end of a cable, where there's a
10:40:06 9	splice point. We open up the cable, put it in the
10:40:10 10	splice case and inside the splice case is a chamber
10:40:13 11	where we put trays, where we put the ribbons in, or the
10:40:18 12	fibers, where we make our splices, and it's a water
10:40:24 13	tight case where the water won't get in it.
10:40:27 14	Q. It's about the size of a couple of shoe boxes,
10:40:37 15	right?
10:40:38 16	A. It depends on the supplier.
10:40:43 17	Q. Okay.
10:40:47 18	A. We have used three different ones since I've
10:40:50 19	been splicing, three different types.
10:40:53 20	Q. Okay. What's the main type you run into in
10:40:56 21	the field?
10:40:57 22	A. It's a Lucent 2600.
10:41:12 23	Q. Lucent 2600. So it's so is that the one
10:41:17 24	that's about the size of two shoe boxes?
41:20 25	A. No.

10:41:20 1	Q. How big is a Lucent 2600?
41:24 2	A. The 2600, it's a tube about this long.
10:41:28 3	Q. About
10:41:29 4	A. Three feet long. It's a tube.
10:41:31 5	Q. Fibers run into each end of it, right?
10:41:34 6	A. No, they come in on one end only.
10:41:37 7	Q. One end only, okay.
10:41:37	And it screws shut, right?
10:41:42 9	A. No. It's got a steel band that holds it
10:41:46 10	the dome to the where the cables come in.
10:41:49 11	Q. Is that the kind with the buckle and you pop
10:41:52 12	open the buckle and the band comes off?
10:41:54 13	A. No. This one has got a screw that you tighten
10:41:57 14	down on the band.
10:41:58 15	Q. So you take the screw out, the band comes off
10:42:00 16	and you open the splice case revealing the splice trays?
10:42:04 17	A. Right.
10:42:04 18	Q. And you said the majority of times when you
10:42:06 19	open a splice case, you'll see working fibers in there,
10:42:10 20	correct?
10:42:10 21	A. You see all the fibers. All the fibers are
10:42:13 22	exposed.
10:42:13 23	Q. And almost 80 percent of the time there will
10:42:19 24	be working fibers in there, correct?
42:21 25	A. Yes, sir.

10:42:21	ı Q.	And you will have done your homework to know
42:24	which one	s are working and which ones are not, correct?
10:42:27	3 A.	Yes. We go to the office and verify which
10:42:29	ones are	working and which are not.
10:42:30	5 Q.	And the fibers are labeled generally, right,
10:42:32	6 or color	coded on the
10:42:32	7 A.	Yes, sir.
10:42:33	8 Q.	So if you've done your homework, you know
10:42:35	9 which of	the fibers in front of you are carrying traffic
10:42:38 1	0 and which	are not?
10:42:39 1	1 A.	Yes, sir.
10:42:40 1	2 Q.	And then you'll see the fibers your next
10:42:45 1	3 task woul	d be to locate the two fiber ends that you need
10:42:48 1	4 to splice	together?
10:42:49 1	5 A.	Yes, sir.
10:42:49 1	6 Q.	And I'm assuming you've already pulled the
10:42:52 1	7 splice ca	se into the splice van, correct?
10:42:55 1	8 A.	Yes.
10:42:55 1	9 Q.	That's where you open the splice case?
10:42:57 2	0 A.	Yes.
10:42:57 2	1 Q.	And you take the two ends and put them into
10:42:59 2	2 the fuser	and fuse them together, correct?
10:43:02 2	3 A.	Once we verify the fibers that we need.
10:43:04 2	4 Q.	Right. You fuse them together using your
43:06 2	5 fusing ma	achine, correct?

10:43:08	1	A. Right.
43:08	2	Q. And then you put a fuse cover over them after
10:43:12	3	the fact, right?
10:43:13	4	A. Protection, yes.
10:43:13	5	Q. Put them back in the case, close the case, put
10:43:17	6	the case back in the hole; is that correct?
10:43:19	7	A. Yes, sir.
10:43:19	8	Q. These splice cases, do they come with a
10:43:22	9	limitation on how many times you can open them? Can you
10:43:25	10	only open them 10 or 20 times?
10:43:27	11	A. No, sir, not that I know of.
10:43:29	12	Q. You could the truth is you can open them
10:43:31	13	everyday if you needed to, right?
1.:43:33	14	A. If we had to, yes.
10:43:42	15	Q. How long does it take one of these splice
10:43:44	16	cases to wear out just from being in the manhole?
10:43:47	17	A. I have no idea.
10:43:48	18	Q. Have you ever seen one in 20 years?
10:43:50	19	A. No.
10:44:05	20	Q. And if splicing is done I think we talked
10:44:10	21	about this, if splicing is done according to SWBT's
10:44:13	22	proper methods and procedures, is there any reason it
10:44:16	23	cannot be done in a safe and controlled manner?
10:44:20	24	A. What do you mean?
44:21	25	Q. When you're opening that splice case let me